

Partial Evaluation of OCL

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Overview

- Motivation
 - Automatically generated specifications
 - Pattern-driven generation of specifications
 - Need for simplification
- Partial Evaluation
- Example
- Implementation
- Results and future work

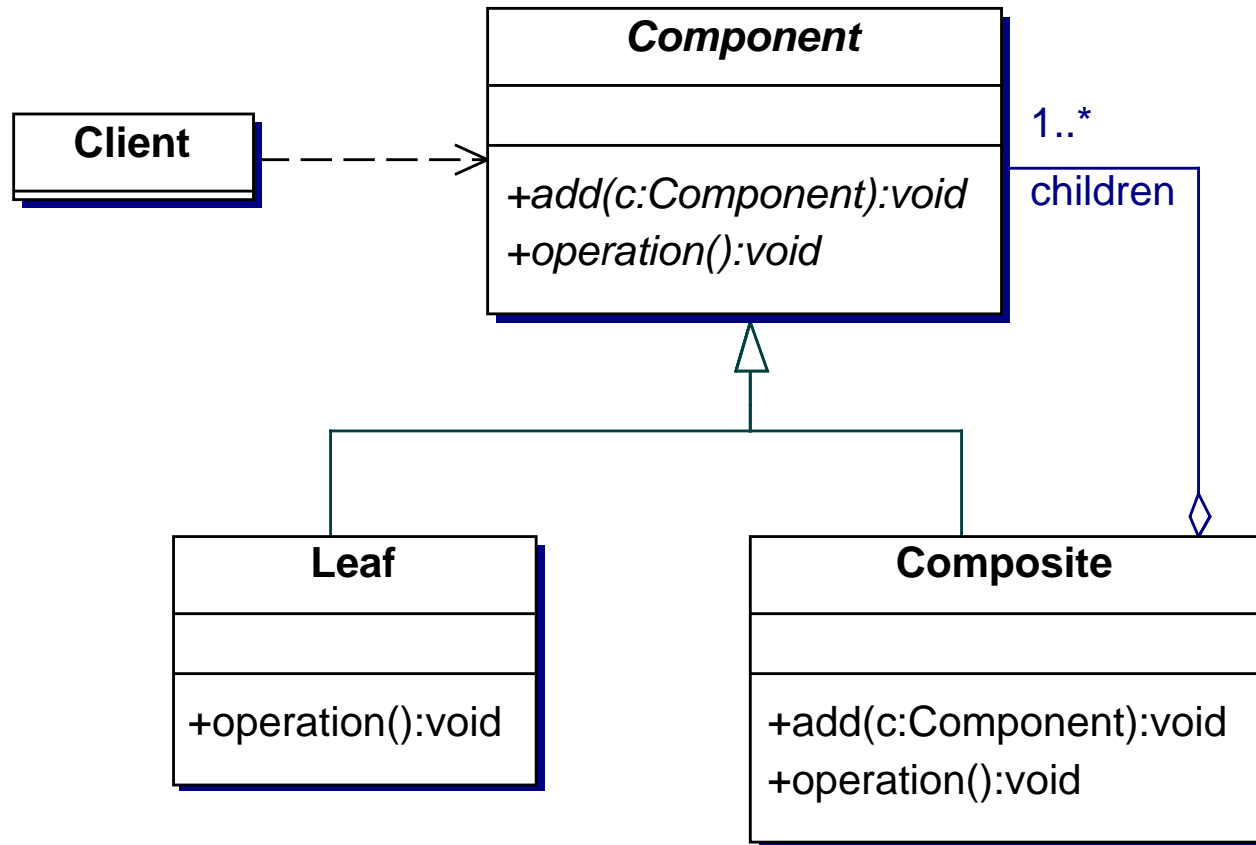
Automatically Generated Specs

- **Goal:** Make people use formal methods in software development
- **Problem:** Not trivial to write useful formal specifications
- **Solution:** Automatically generated specifications
 - *Ideally:*
 - Informal specification
 - ⇒ Formal specification
 - *More realistic:*
 - Informal specification
 - ⇒ Design pattern
 - ⇒ Formal specification
- Generated specifications need to be simplified
 - ⇒ Partial Evaluation

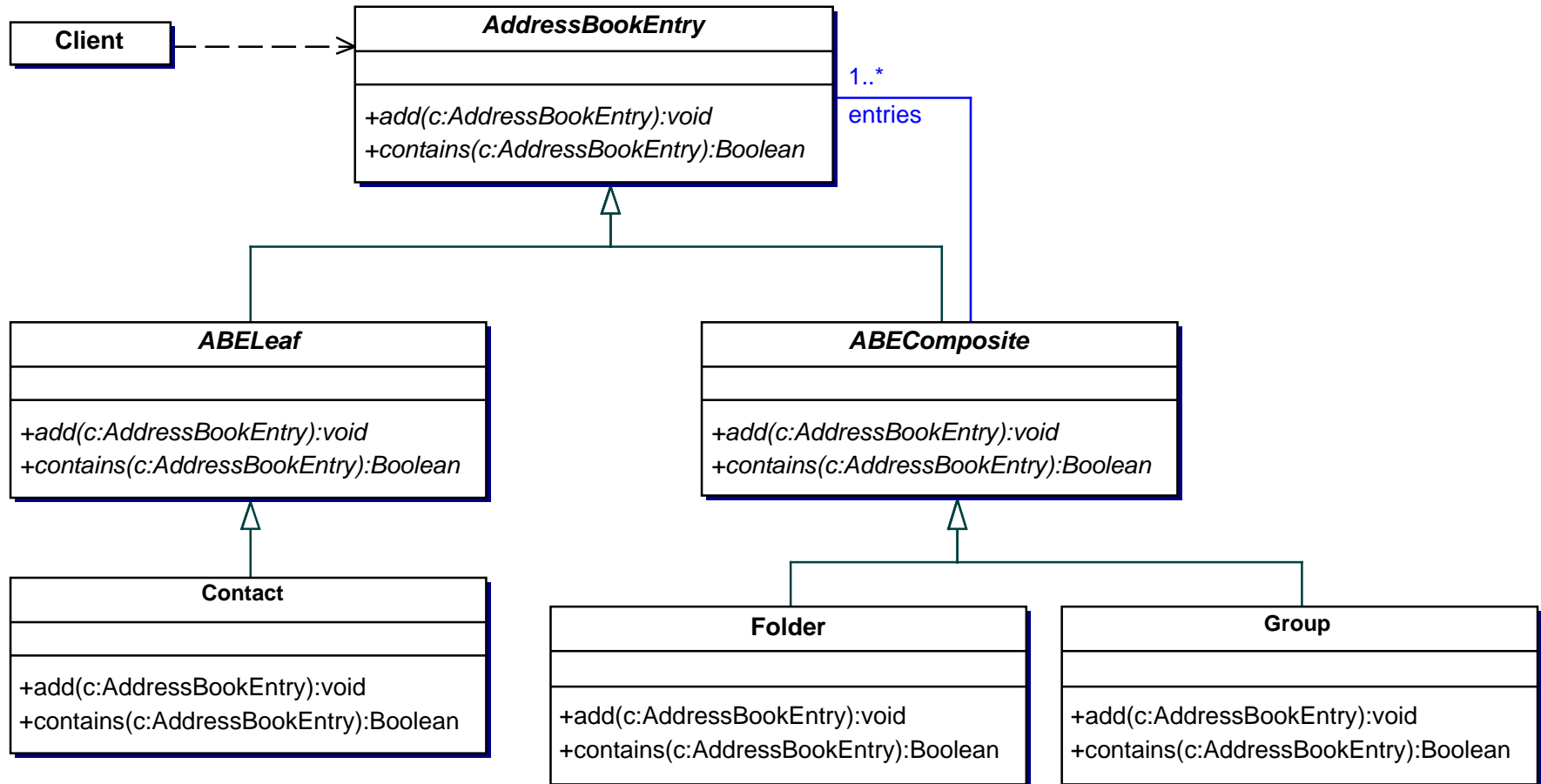
Generating Specs for Patterns

- Capture typical requirements associated with the pattern
- Don't know beforehand ...
 - the *namespaces* of the modeled domains
 - what *structural modifications* the developer will perform
 - what *flavor* of the pattern the developer wants to use

Composite Pattern



Instantiation of Composite



Schema for (part of) Composite

```
schema childrenSetOrBag(String flavor)  
ocl: context Composite inv:  
    if flavor = 'set'  
        then self.children->size  
            = self.children->asSet->size  
        else true  
    endif
```

Schema for Composite cont'd

```
schema childrenSetOrBag(String flavor)  
  ocl : Composite.allSubtypes →  
    forall(s | s.allInstances →  
      forall(i |  
        if flavor = 'set'  
          then i.children → size  
            = i.children → asSet → size  
          else true  
        endif))
```


Generated Specification

```
ABEComposite.allSubtypes ->  
  forall (s | s.allInstances ->  
    forall (i |  
      if 'set' = 'set'  
        then i.entries ->size  
          = i.entries ->asSet ->size  
        else true  
      endif))
```

Simplification Needed

- Schema becomes parameterized
 - Elements from pattern's namespace
 - Different flavors of pattern — explicit parameters
- Structural modifications have to be taken into account
- Generated specification contains redundant information
- \Rightarrow Need for simplification
- \Rightarrow Partial Evaluation

Partial Evaluation

- Normally applied to computer programs
- Given a program and *some* of its input
⇒ Produce a more specialized program
- Motivation w.r.t. programs: execution speedup
- Motivation w.r.t. formal specifications:
 - enhance understandability
 - make it easier to prove properties about them
- So far — just simplification
- Idea — apply more sophisticated p.e. techniques

Generated Specification — again

```
ABEComposite.allSubtypes →  
  forall (s | s.allInstances →  
    forall (i |  
      if 'set' = 'set'  
        then i.entries → size  
          = i.entries → asSet → size  
        else true  
      endif))
```

OCL Simplification

```
ABEComposite.allSubtypes ->
  forAll (s | s.allInstances ->
    forAll (i |
      if true
        then i.entries ->size
            = i.entries ->asSet ->size
        else true
      endif ))
```

OCL Simplification cont'd

```
ABEComposite.allSubtypes ->  
  forAll (s | s.allInstances ->  
    forAll (i | i.entries ->size  
              = i.entries ->asSet ->size ))
```

OCL Simplification cont'd

```
Set{Group , Folder , ABECOMPOSITE} ->  
  forall (s | s.allInstances ->  
    forall (i | i.entries ->size  
      = i.entries ->asSet->size ))
```

OCL Simplification cont'd

Group.**allInstances** →

```
forAll( i | i.entries → size  
        = i.entries → asSet → size )
```

and

Folder.**allInstances** →

```
forAll( i | i.entries → size  
        = i.entries → asSet → size )
```

and

ABEComposite.**allInstances** →

```
forAll( i | i.entries → size  
        = i.entries → asSet → size )
```


OCL Simplification cont'd

Group.**allInstances** →

```
forall( i | i.entries → size  
          = i.entries → asSet → size )
```

and

Folder.**allInstances** →

```
forall( i | i.entries → size  
          = i.entries → asSet → size )
```

OCL Simplification cont'd

context Group inv :

self.entries ->size

= self.entries ->asSet ->size

context Folder inv :

self.entries ->size

= self.entries ->asSet ->size

OCL Simplification cont'd

context Group inv :

entries → size

= entries → asSet → size

context Folder inv :

entries → size

= entries → asSet → size

Implementation

- Already have a rule-engine
- Taclet machinery!
- Re-write taclets

OCL Tactlets

```
ocl_equals { find(e = e) replacewith(true) }
```

```
ocl_if_true {  
    find(if true then e1 else e2 endif)  
    replacewith(e1) }
```

```
ocl_allsubtypes { find(c.allSubtypes)  
    replacewith(#allsubtypes(c)) }
```

Recipe

1. Express OCL using Term datastructure
2. Wrap the “term” in a formula
3. Put formula in sequent (succedent)
4. Apply taclets to sequent

Results and Future Work

- Results
 - Know how to express OCL using Term datastructure
 - Can handle bound variables
 - Have performed evaluation steps in example
- Future work
 - Deal with types
 - Write the taclets
 - More partial evaluation techniques to be evaluated
 - Connection to OCL parser/type checker
 - Integration with pattern mechanism in KeY